

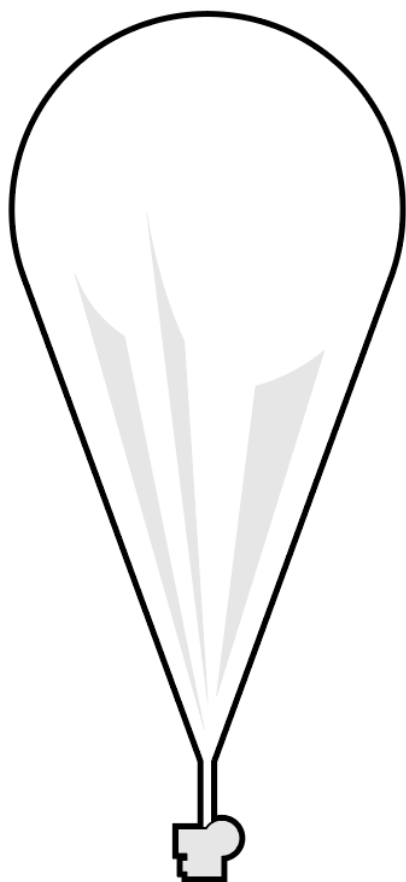
# Raven Aerostar

## CYCLONE ZERO-PRESSURE BALLOON

### Vehicle Summary

Raven Aerostar's Cyclone zero-pressure balloon system is a rapidly-deployable balloon system capable of achieving altitudes from 50,000 ft - 130,000 ft with a wide variety of user payloads. For NASA TechRise, the balloon will launch and ascend to the NASA TechRise float altitude of approximately 70,000 feet. Once the flight vehicle reaches float altitude, the system takes advantage of stratospheric wind patterns to steer the balloon. Using altitude control maneuvers like venting lift gas (causing the balloon system to descend) or dropping ballast (causing the balloon system to ascend), the Raven flight engineer can find the best wind layer to steer the platform in the desired direction. Once the mission is complete, the Cyclone flight is terminated, and the payloads are cut away from the balloon and descend on a parachute for recovery by Raven flight crews. Raven Aerostar's Cyclone zero-pressure balloon system will enable NASA TechRise students to conduct remote sensing and climate/atmospheric experiments.

### Flight Integration Details

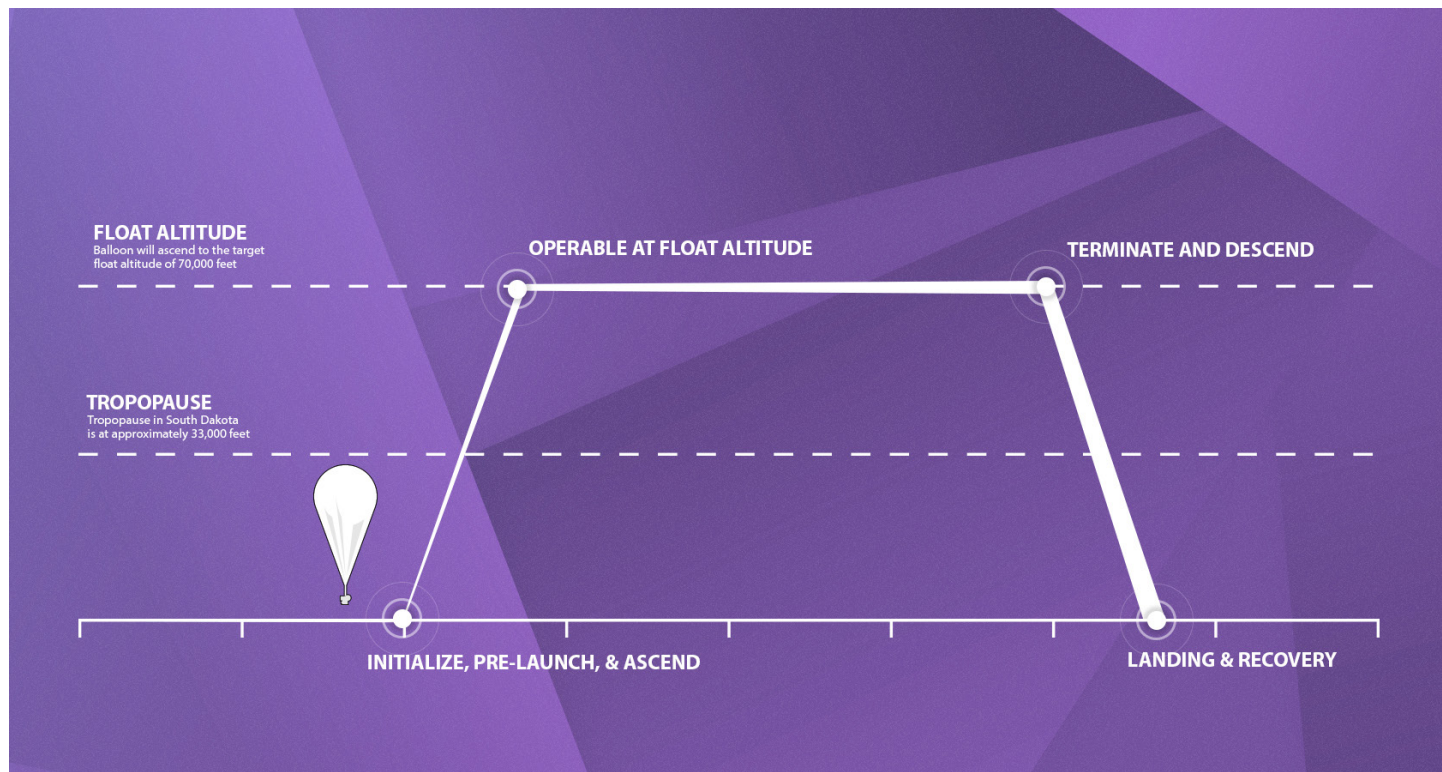


**Raven Aerostar  
Cyclone Zero Pressure  
Balloon**

Requirements	RAVEN AEROSTAR + NASA TECHRISE
<b>Maximum Size</b>	4 in x 4 in x 8 in (10.16cm x 10.16cm x 20.32 cm)
<b>Total Maximum Weight</b>	2.2 pounds (1 kilogram)
<b>Provided Flight Box Weight</b>	Approximately 0.4 pounds (180 grams)
<b>Liquids</b>	150ml non-hazardous liquid; Double containment required
<b>Biologics</b>	Experiments that grow or monitor living organisms are not allowed; Seeds or plant substrates (e.g.: soils, artificial soils) are allowed
<b>Extra Batteries</b>	No. Please rely on the vehicle power outlined below
<b>Wireless Communications</b>	No Bluetooth, Wifi, or other RF communications
<b>Lasers</b>	Lasers not allowed for TechRise Balloon Experiments
<b>Power &amp; Data</b>	
<b>Connector</b>	DB - 9
<b>Voltage</b>	9 V
<b>Current</b>	1.5A
<b>Vehicle Data</b>	Yes, vehicle telemetry is streamed to each experiment as serial data
<b>Key Event Triggers</b>	No. Experiments must rely on the vehicle data stream or their own sensors for event triggers, if needed
<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	
<b>Overview</b>	Experiment is attached to a gondola frame and exposed to ambient atmospheric temperature/pressure
<b>Flight Location</b>	South Dakota (estimated travel E/SE 200-300 miles)
<b>Launch Conditions</b>	Morning Launch; Less than 30% cloud cover; No rain
<b>Float Altitude</b>	Approximately 70,000 feet for 4 hours
<b>Temperature</b>	5C to -82C (However, since the payload will be insulated with some foam, we recommend components rated to -40 degrees C)
<b>Line of Sight</b>	Experiment will have line of sight in two directions during flight - Down to Earth (Nadir) and out to the horizon (Horizontal)
<b>Pressure</b>	4,412 Pa to 96,526 Pa (0.64 psi to 14 psi)
<b>Acceleration</b>	Up to 6g in any direction
<b>EMI / Vibration / Shock</b>	Upon request: support@futureengineers.org

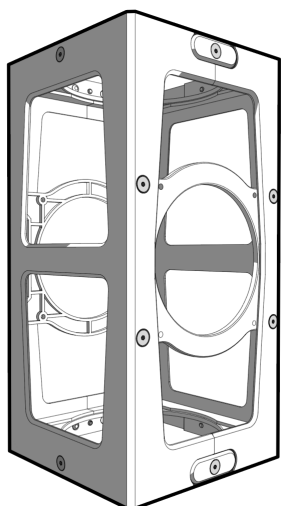
# CYCLONE ZERO-PRESSURE BALLOON

## FLIGHT PROFILE & SIMULATOR



## FLIGHT BOX

Winning teams assigned to Raven Flights will receive a Welcome Package with a Flight Box and a Technical Development Guide.



## FLIGHT PROFILE DETAIL

<b>Initialize Pre-Launch Ascend</b>	Flight experiments will be powered on and readied for flight. Target launch time is 7AM. Experiments will ascend through the troposphere into the stratosphere. During ascent, experiments will be operational and can collect data.
<b>Operable at Float Altitude</b>	After about 1 hour of ascent, the experiments will float at the target altitude of 70,000 feet for at least 4 hours
<b>Terminate and Descend</b>	After 4-6 hours at float altitude, power will be shut off to the experiments. the balloon is released, a parachute is deployed, and the experiments descend.
<b>Landing &amp; Recovery</b>	Experiments land, the location is tracked, and the Raven flight crew recovers the experiments to return to students.

## VIDEO



## PHOTO

